

# Cholesterol Oxidase“Amano”7

(Cholesterol: oxygen oxidoreductase, EC 1.1.3.6)

Cholesterol Oxidase“Amano”7 is a cholesterol oxidase preparation, manufactured using recombinant bacteria.

## Catalysis

---



## Specification and Preparation

---

Activity: Cholesterol oxidase activity  $\geq 30$  u/mg  
Appearance: Yellow to orange powder, lyophilized  
Additive: Trehalose

## Characteristics

---

1. Molecular weight: 50,000 (SDS-PAGE)
2. Km:  $5.2 \times 10^{-5}$  M
3. Optimum pH: 7.0
4. pH stability: 5.0-10.0 (40°C, 1hr)
5. Optimum temperature: 50°C
6. Thermal stability: up to 50°C (pH 7.0, 1hr)
7. Application: Used for the enzymatic determination of cholesterol in serum by coupling with cholesterol esterase in clinical diagnosis.

## Expiration (Storage)

---

24 months from the date of analysis when stored at -20°C or below in a dry place under sealed conditions (nitrogen filled bottle).

The information and recommendations contained herein are to the best of our knowledge reliable according to the current scientific and technical level. However, depending upon use method and/or condition, nothing herein is to be construed as a warranty or representation in respect otherwise, including freedom from patent infringement. Users shall make their own test and investigation for their particular purpose. We do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or infringement arising from the use of information and recommendations contained herein.

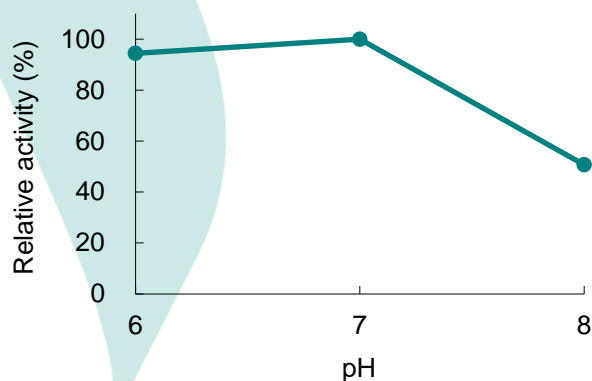
## Safe Handling

1. Do not inhale.
2. In case of direct contact with skin or eyes, immediately wash or rinse with plenty of water.
3. Please refer to SDS for more details.

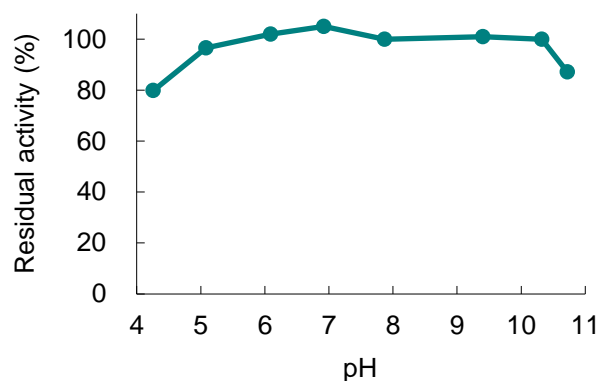
## General properties

The following results demonstrate the activities of enzyme solution prepared in various buffers. Enzyme activity may vary under different experimental conditions.

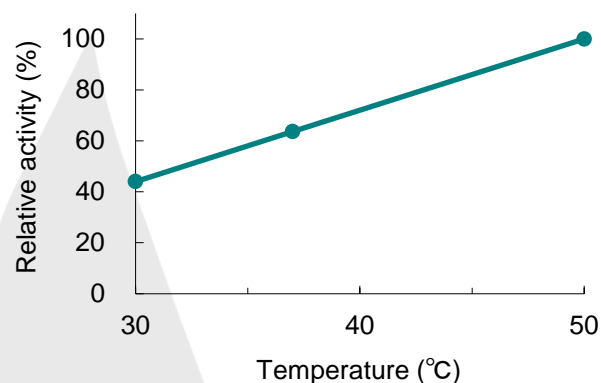
### pH and Activity



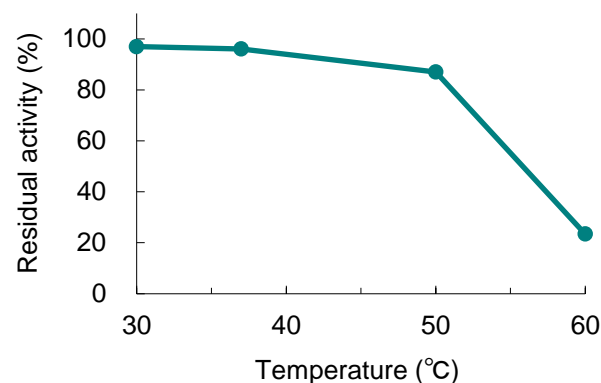
### pH stability



### Temperature and Activity



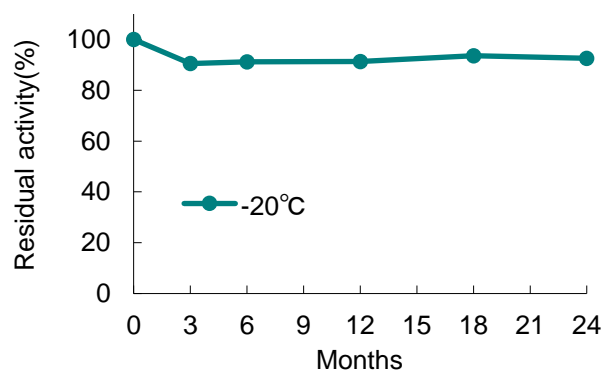
### Thermostability



### Effect of Various Chemicals

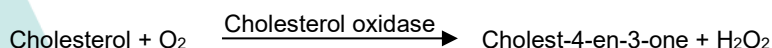
Chemical	Concentration	Residual Activity (%)
None	1mM	100
MgCl <sub>2</sub>	1mM	100
CaCl <sub>2</sub>	1mM	100
FeCl <sub>2</sub>	1mM	92
ZnCl <sub>2</sub>	1mM	97
PbCl <sub>2</sub>	1mM	97
CuCl <sub>2</sub>	1mM	92
Triton X-100	0.1%	100
Na-Cholate	0.1%	98
SDS	0.025%	95

### Stability (powder form)



# Assay method of Cholesterol Oxidase “Amano” 7

## Principle



The appearance of Cholest-4-en-3-one is measured at 240 nm by spectrophotometry.

## Unit Definition

One unit is defined as the enzyme quantity which oxidizes one  $\mu$  mole of cholesterol per minute under the conditions described below.

## Reagents

- A. Triton X-100 solution (50 mg/ml deionized water)
- B. Working solution (pH 7.0)  
Weigh 5.28 g of  $\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4$  and 21.9 g of  $\text{Na}_2\text{HPO}_4 \cdot 12\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , then dissolve in 800 mL of deionized water. Add 10 mL of Triton X-100 solution (A), then adjust pH 7.0 with 4mol/L NaOH. Fill up to 1000 mL with deionized water. After preparation, release the lid of the container and allow the solution to stand under refrigeration for 24 hours before use. (Can be used for 3 months in refrigerated storage)
- C. Substrate solution  
Weigh 23.2 mg of cholesterol (FUJIFILM Wako Pure Chemical Corporation) and dissolve in 10 ml of 2-propanol. (Can be used for 5 days at room temperature)
- D. Enzyme solution  
Weigh some of Cholesterol Oxidase “Amano” 7 and dissolve in chilled Working solution (B). Enzyme solution should be prepared so that the value of  $\Delta\text{OD}/\text{minute}$  becomes in the range of  $0.040 \pm 0.020$ . This reagent should be kept refrigerated and should be used within 2hr after enzyme dissolved.

## Procedure

Pipette 3.0 ml of Working solution (B), 0.05 ml of Enzyme solution (D) respectively into a quartz cell ( $d = 10$  mm), and keep at  $37 \pm 0.5^\circ\text{C}$  for 5 minutes. Then, pipette 0.05 ml of Substrate solution (C) into the quartz cell and mix well immediately. Keep the reaction mixture at  $37 \pm 0.5^\circ\text{C}$ . Exactly at 2 minutes and 4 minutes after the addition of Substrate solution (C), measure the absorbance of the reaction mixture at 240 nm ( $A_2$  and  $A_4$ ). As a blank, pipette Working Solution (B) into another quartz cell ( $d = 10$  mm) instead of Enzyme solution (D) and take the same procedure described above ( $Ab_2$  and  $Ab_4$ ).

## Calculation

$$\text{Cholesterol Oxidase activity (u/mg)} = \frac{(A_4 - A_2) - (Ab_4 - Ab_2)}{2} \times \frac{1}{12.2} \times 3.1 \times \frac{n}{0.05}$$

- 2 Reaction time
- 12.2 Millimolar absorption coefficient of Cholest-4-en-3-one at 240 nm
- 3.1: Volume of the reaction mixture
- 0.05 Volume of Enzyme solution
- n: Dilution factor of Enzyme solution

## Contact

Area	Branch	Location	E-mail
North, Central, South America	Amano Enzyme U.S.A. Co., Ltd.	Illinois, U.S.A.	aeu.sales@amano-enzyme.com
Europe, the Middle East and Africa	Amano Enzyme Europe Limited	Oxfordshire, U.K.	aee.sales@amano-enzyme.com
Asia Pacific	Amano Enzyme Asia Pacific Co., Ltd.	Pathum Thani, THAILAND	aeap.sales@amano-enzyme.com
China	Amano Enzyme Manufacturing (China), Ltd. Shanghai Branch	Shanghai, P.R.CHINA	shanghai@amano-enzyme.com.cn
Japan, Headquarters	Amano Enzyme Inc.	Nagoya, JAPAN	

